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Short Title

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71 Fruit Juice and Nectar Regulations, 2021

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NATIONAL AGENCY FOR FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION AND CONTROL ACT (CAP. N1 LFN), 2004

FRUIT JUICE AND NECTAR REGULATIONS, 2021



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NATIONAL AGENCY FOR FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION AND CONTROL ACT (CAP. N1 LFN), 2004

FRUIT JUICE AND NECTAR REGULATIONS, 2021

[7th Day of July, 2021]

Commencement.

In exercise of the powers conferred on it by sections 5 and 30 of the National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control Act (Cap N1 LFN) 2004 and section 12 of the Food, Drug and Related Products (Registration, etc.) Act Cap F33 LFN 2004 and all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the Governing Council of the National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control with the approval of Minister of Health makes the following Regulations—

 These Regulations shall apply to fruit juice and nectar products manufactured, imported, exported, advertised, sold, distributed or used in Nigeria.

Scope of application.

2.—(1) A fruit juice or nectar shall not be manufactured, imported, exported, advertised, sold distributed or used in Nigeria, unless it has been registered in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

Prohibition.

- (2) A person shall not manufacture, import, export, advertise, sell, display for sale, offer for sale, distribute or use any fruit juice or nectar which contains non-nutritive sweeteners without the approval of the Agency.
- (3) Fruit juice may contain sugar, invert sugar or dextrose and any approved food additives, but subject to the approval of the Agency.
- (4) Fruits juice shall not contain non-nutritive sweeteners unless it is approved by the Agency.
- Definitions and compositions of fruit juices, nectar and fruit puree shall be as provided in First Schedule to these Regulations.

Definitions and composition of fruit juices, nectar and fruit puree.

 (1) The product shall have characteristic colour, aroma and flavour of the fruit juice.

Organoleptic properties.

- (2) The natural volatile juice components may be restored to a juice obtained from the same type of fruits from which natural volatile juice components have been removed.
- 5. The use and limits of any food additives in the manufacture of fruit juice and nectar shall be in accordance with the approval of the Agency and as indicated in Fourth Schedule to these Regulations.

The use and limits of food additives.

The maximum limits of contaminants in fruit juices and nectars shall comply with the limits as provided in Fifth Schedule to these Regulations.

Maximum limits of contaminants.

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Brix Levels and Fruit contents for Fruit Juices, their derivatives and Purees. Permissible Brix levels for fruit juices, reconstituted fruit juices and purees will be as prescribed in the Second Schedule to these Regulations.

Labelling.

- 8.—(1) Fruit juice and nectar shall be labelled in accordance with the Agency's Pre-packaged Food Labelling Regulations.
- (2) The percentage of fruit content present shall be declared on the ingredients list on the product label.
 - (3) Labelling of drinks specified in these Regulations shall not bear-
 - (a) the word "fruit juice" unless the fruit content as provided in Third Schedule to these Regulations; and
 - (b) the word "fruit drink" unless the fruit juice content is not less than 5%.

Name of fruit juice to indicate the nature.

- 9.—(1) The name of every fruit juice shall indicate its accurate nature.
- (2) Where a name has been established for the fruit juice in these Regulations, such a name shall be used as approved by the Agency.
- (3) Where no common name exists for the fruit juice, an appropriate descriptive name shall be used, provided that the product is not named fruit juice drink.
- (4) Coined or fanciful name may be used for fruit juice, provided the name is not misleading and is accompanied by an appropriate descriptive term.
- (5) In the case of a combination of two or more fruit juices, the name of the juices shall be indicated in the order of predominance by weight or the word "fruit", shall be declared on the package.
- (6) In case of a single fruit juice or a combination of two or more fruit juices, any of which are made from concentrate, the words "from concentrate", shall follow the word "juice" in the name of such juice, when being declared on the package.

List of Ingredients. 10. A complete list of ingredient used in preparing a fruit juice shall be declared on the label in descending order of the proportion present, except in the case of a dehydrated fruit juice intended to be reconstituted by the addition of an appropriate quantity of potable water, in which case, the ingredients may be listed in order of proportion in the reconstituted product, provided that the list of ingredients shall be headed by a statement such as "ingredients when reconstituted".

Offences and Penalties. 11.—(1) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of these Regulations commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction, in the case of—

- (a) an individual, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 1 year or to a fine not exceeding N800,000.00 or to both; and
 - (b) a body corporate, to a fine not exceeding N5,000,000.00.
- (2) Where an offence under these Regulations is committed by a body corporate, firm or other association of individuals every—
 - (a) director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate;
 - (b) partner or officer of the firm;
 - (c) trustee of the body concerned;
 - (d) person concerned in the management of the affairs of the association;
 - (e) person who purports to act in a capacity referred to in paragraphs (a) to (d) of this sub-regulation,

is liable to be proceeded against and punished for the offence in the same manner as if the person committed the offence, unless the person proves that the act or omission constituting the offence took place without his knowledge, consent or connivance.

12. A person convicted of an offence under these Regulations shall forfeit to the Federal Government of Nigeria—

Forfeiture after conviction.

- (a) any asset or property constituting proceeds derived from or obtained, directly or indirectly, as a result of the offence; or
- (b) any of the person's property or instrument used in any manner to commit or to facilitate the commission of the offence.
 - The Fruit Juice and Nectar Regulations 2005 is revoked.

Revocation.

- (2) The revocation of the Regulations specified in sub-regulation (1) shall not affect anything done or purported to have been done under the revoked Regulations.
 - In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—

Interpretation.

"Agency" means the National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control;

"Concentrated fruit juice" means the product that complies with the definition given in Regulation 12 (2) above, except water has been physically removed in an amount sufficient to increase the Brix level to a value at least 50% greater than the Brix value established for reconstituted juice from the same fruit;

"Food" means any substance, whether processed, semi-processed or raw, which is intended for human consumption, and includes drinks, chewing gum and any substance which has been used in the manufacture, preparation or treatment of "food" but does not include cosmetics or tobacco or substances used only as drugs;

"Fruit juice" means the unfermented but fermentable liquid obtained from the edible part of sound, appropriately mature and fresh fruit or of fruit maintained in sound condition by suitable means including post-harvest surface treatment applied in accordance with the applicable provision of Codex Alimentarius Commission;

"Fruit nectar" means the unfermented but fermentable product obtained by adding water, with or without the addition of sugars, or honey to the products (fruit juice, fruit juice from concentrate, concentrated fruit juice, water extracted fruit juice, dehydrated/powered fruit juice) to puree or to concentrated fruit pureeor a mixture of those products;

"Fruit puree" means the fermentable but unfermented product obtained by any suitable physical process such as sieving, grinding, milling the edible part of whole or peeled fruit without removing the juice;

"Label" means any tag, brand, mark, pictorial or other descriptive matter, written, printed, stencilled, marked, embossed or impressed on, or attached to, a package (container) of fruit juice and nectar;

"Package" means any form of suitable container (packaging material) in which the fruit juices and nectars are packed for sale as a single item; and

"Proceeds" means any property derived or obtained, directly or indirectly, through the commission of the offence.

Enforcement of these Regulations. 15. The Agency is exclusively responsible for the enforcement of these Regulations.

Citation.

 These Regulations may be cited as Fruit Juice and Nectar Regulations, 2021.

DEFINITIONS AND COMPOSITIONS OF FRUIT JUICES, NECTAR AND FRUIT PUREE

1.—(1) Orange juice shall be the fruit juice obtained from the endocarp of sound, ripe oranges and the juice may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of the juice.

Orange juice (Citrus sinenis).

- (2) The soluble solid determined by the minimum Brix level for the single strength orange juice not from concentrate shall be 10 and the Brix level for reconstituted orange juice from concentrate shall be 11.2.
- (3) The essential oils content of an orange juice shall not exceed 0.4ml/kg.
- 2.—(1) Pineapple juice shall be the fruit juice obtained from sound ripe pineapples and the juice may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of the juice.

Pineapple juice (Ananas comosus: Ananas sativus).

- (2) The soluble solids determined by minimum Brix level shall be 11.2 for pineapple juice exclusive of added sugars and where the juice has been obtained using concentrated juice with the addition of potable water, the soluble solids determined by the minimum Brix level shall be 12.8 for pineapple juice exclusive of added sugars.
- (3) The total quantity of added sugars shall not exceed 25g/kg and the addition of sugars is not permitted when the juice has been acidified.
 - (4) Ethanol content of the pineapple juice shall not exceed 3g/kg.
- 3.—(1) Grape juice shall be the fruit juice obtained from sound, ripe grapes and the juice may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of juice.

Grape juice (litis vinifera or hybrids thereof: litis labrusca or hybrids thereof).

- (2) The soluble grape solids determined by the minimum Brix level shall be 13.5 for grape juice and where the juice has been obtained using concentrated juice with the addition of potable water, the soluble solids determined by the minimum Brix level shall be 15.9 for grape juice.
 - (3) The ethanol content shall not exceed 5g/kg.
- (4) The volatile acids content of a grape juice shall not exceed 0.4g/kg, expressed as acetic acid.
- 4.—(1) Lemon Juice shall be the fruit juice obtained from sound, ripe lemon and the juice may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of the juice.

Lemon juice (Citrus lemon).

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- (2) The soluble lemon solids determined by the minimum Brix level for lemon juice shall be 7.0.
 - (3) The ethanol content of a lemon juice shall not exceed 3g/kg.
 - (4) The essential oils content of a lemon juice shall not exceed 0.5ml/kg.

Grapefruits (Citrus paradisi).

- 5.—(1) Grapefruit juice shall be the fruit juice obtained from sound, ripe grapefruits and the juice may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of the juice.
- (2) The soluble solids determined by the minimum Brix level shall be 9.5 for grapefruit exclusive of added sugars and the total quantity of added sugars and the minimum Brix level for reconstituted grapefruit from concentrate shall be 10.0.
 - (3) The total quantity of added sugars shall not exceed 50g/kg.
 - (4) The ethanol content shall not exceed 3.0g/kg.
 - (5) The essential oils content shall not exceed 0.3ml/kg.

Apple juice (Pyrus malus).

- 6.—(1) Apple juice shall be the fruit juice obtained from sound, ripe apples and the juice may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of the juice.
- (2) The soluble solids determined by the minimum Brix level shall be 10.2 for apple juice and the minimum Brix level for reconstituted apple juice from concentrate shall be 11.2.
 - (3) The ethanol content shall not exceed 5g/kg.
- (4) The volatile acids content of an apple juice shall not exceed 0.4g/kg expressed as acetic acid.

Blackcurrant juice (Ribes nigrumL).

- 7.—(1) Blackcurrant juice shall be fruit juice obtained from sound, ripe blackcurrants and the juice may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of the juice.
- (2) The soluble solids determined by the minimum Brix level shall be 10.5 for blackcurrant juice and the minimum Brix level for reconstituted blackcurrant from concentrate shall be 11.0.
- (3) The total quantity of added sugars calculated as dry matter shall not exceed 200g/kg of the final product.
 - (4) The ethanol content shall not exceed 3g/kg.
- (5) The volatile acids content shall not exceed 1.2g/kg expressed as acetic acid.

8.—(1) Other fruit juices shall be the fruit juices made from fruits of single species and the fruit juices may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining the essential composition and quality factors of the juice.

Other fruit juice.

- (2) The soluble solids determined by the minimum Brix level shall correspond to the soluble solids content of the named ripe fruit exclusive of added sugar as in First Schedule.
- (3) The total quantity of added sugars shall not exceed 100g/kg, except for very acid fruits, where 200g/kg is permitted.
- (4) The addition of sugar is not permitted when the juice has been acidified.
 - (5) The ethanol content shall not exceed 5g/kg.
- 9.—(1) Mixed fruit juice shall be the fruit juice obtained from two or more species of sound ripe fruits and the juices may have been concentrated and later reconstituted with potable water suitable for the purpose of maintaining their essential composition and quality factors.

Mixed fruit juice.

- (2) The soluble solids determined by the minimum Brix level (exclusive of added sugars) shall be a value which corresponds to the soluble solids content of the ripe fruits exclusive of added sugars.
- (3) The quantity of sugars added, calculated as dry sugar shall not exceed 100g/kg.
- (4) The addition of sugars to mixed fruit juice is not permitted when the juice has been acidified.
 - (5) The ethanol content of a mixed fruit juice shall not exceed 3g/kg.
- 10. Carbonated juice or sparkling juice shall be the named fruit juice impregnated with carbon dioxide, under pressure or where the fruit juice contains more than 2g/kg of carbon dioxide and the term "carbonated" shall appear in close proximity to the name of the product and carbon dioxide shall be declared in the list of ingredients.

Carbonated fruit juice.

11.—(1) Fruit puree is the unfermented but fermentable product obtained by sieving the edible part of the whole or peeled fruit without removing the juice.

Fruit puree.

- (2) The fruit shall be sound, appropriately mature and fresh fruit or fruit preserved by physical means.
- (3) Concentrated fruit puree may be obtained by the physical removal of water from the fruit puree.
- (4) Fruit puree may have restored aromatic substances and volatile flavour components, all of which shallbe obtained by suitable physical means,

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and all of which shall be recovered from the same kind of fruit and pulp and cells obtained by suitable physical means from the same kind of fruit may be added.

Nectar.

- 12.—(1) Nectar is the unfermented but fermentable product obtained by adding potable water, sugars, or both, or other carbohydrate sweeteners as described in Fourth Schedule to fruit puree or concentrated fruit puree or to a mixture of those products.
- (2) The minimum juice or puree content shall be as in the ThirdSchedule to these Regulations.
- (3) Aromatic substances, volatile flavour components, pulp and cells all of which shall be recovered from the same kind of fruit and be obtained by suitable physical means may be added, and the product shall meet the requirements defined for fruit nectars in the Third Schedule to these Regulations.

SECOND SCHEDULE COMPOSITION

[Regulation 7]

Basic ingredients

- 1. Soluble solids are as follows-
- (1) For fruit juices not from concentrates offered for consumption as such, the soluble solids content of the single strength juice shall not be modified and shall be in accordance with the minimum Brix level established in the 1st table below;
- (2) The preparation of fruit offered for direct consumption that requires reconstitution of condensed or concentrated juices shall be in accordance with the minimum Brix level indicated in the 1st table, exclusive of the solids of any added optional ingredients and additives and if there I no Brix level specified in the table, minimum Brix shall be calculated on the basis of the soluble solids content of the single strength, unconcentrated juice used to produce such concentrated juice;
- (3) For reconstituted juice from concentrate, potable water used in reconstitution shall at a minimum meet Guidelines for Drinking Water Quality of the World Health Organisation with Nitrate levels which shall not exceed 25 mg/l and Sodium levels shall not exceed 50 mg/l.

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Minimum Brix level for reconstituted juice from concentrate and single strength juice not from concentrate are as follows—

Fruit's Common Name	Botanical Name	Minimum Brix Level for Reconstituted Fruit Juices and Reconstituted Purce	Minimum Juice and/or Purce Content (% v/v) for Fruit Necturs
Kiwi	Actinidia deliciosa (A. Chev.) C.F. Liang & A.R. Ferfoson	(*)	(*)
Cashewapple	Anacanlium occidentale I.	11.5	25.0
Pineapple	Anunas consosus el «Merrill Anunas sans l. Neindi, F.	It is recognized that in different countries, the Brix level may naturally differ from this value. In cases where the Brix level is consistently lower than this value, reconstituted juice of lower Brix from these countries introduced into international trade will be acceptable, provided it meets the authenticity methodology listed in the General Standard for Fruit Juices and Nectars and the level will not be bellow 10oBrix for pineapple juice and apple juice	40.0
Soursop	Annona murkata I.	14.5	25.0
Sugar Apple	Annona squamosa I.	14.5	25.0
Starfruit	Averrhoa carambola L.	7.5	25.0
Papaya	Carica papaya L.	(*)	25.0
Star Apple	Chrysophyllumcainito	(*)	(*)
Water Melon	Citrullus kanatus (Thunb.) Matsum. & Nakai var. Lanatus	8.0	40.0
Lime	Citrus aurantifolia (Christm.) (swingle)	8.0	According to the legislation of the importing country
Sour Orange	Citrus aurantium I	(*)	50.0
Lemon	Citrus limon (L.) Burm. f. Citrus limonum Rissa Citrus	8.014	According to the legislation of the importing country
Grapefruit	Citrus paradisi Macfad	10.0 14	50.0
Sweetie grapefruit	Citrus paradisi, Citrus grandis	10.0	50.0
Mandarine/ Tangerine	Citrus reticulata Blanca	11.8 14	50.0
Orange	Citrus sinensis (L.)	and consistent with the application of national legislation of the importing country but not lower than 11.2. It is recognized that in different countries, the Brix level may naturally differ from this range of values. In cases where the Brix level is consistently lower than this range of values, reconstituted juice of lower Brix from these countries introduced into international trade will be acceptable, provided it meets the authenticity methodology listed in the General Standard for Fruit Juices and Nectars and the level will not be below 10° Brix.	50.0

Coconut	Cocos micifera L. 15	5.0	25.0
Melon	Civimis melo L.	8.0	35.0
Casaba Melon	Cucumis melo L subsp. melo var. inodorus H. Jacq.	7.5	25.0
Honeydew Melon	Cucumis melo L. subsp. melo var. incdorus H. Jacq	10.0	25.0
Quince	Cydonnia oblonga Mill.	11.2	25.0
Persimmon	Diospyros khaki Thunb.	(*)	40.0
Crowberry	Empetrum nigrum L.	6.0	25.0
Loquat	Eribotryajaponesa	(*)	(*)
GuavaberryBirchberry	Eugenia syringe	(*)	(*)
Suriname Cherry	Eugenia uniflora Rich.	6.0	25.0
Fig	Ficus carica L	18.0	25.0
Kumquat	Fortunella Swingle sp.	(*)	(*)
Strawberry	Fragaria x. ananassaDuchense(Fragaria chiloensis Duchesne x Fragaria virginiana Duchesne)	7.5	40.0
Genipap	Genipa americana	17.0	25.0
Sea Buckthom	Hippophae el aeguacae	(2)	25.0
Buckthomberry =	Hipppolaerhamnoides L.	6.0	25.0
Sallow-thomberry			20.0
Litchi/Lychee	Litchi chinensis Sonn.	11.2	50.0
Tomato	Lycopersicum esculentum L	5.0	30.0
Acerola (West Indian Cherry)	Malpighia sp. (Moc. & Sesse)	6.5	25.0
Malus domestica Borkh.		It is recognized that in different countries, the Brix level may naturally differ from this value. In cases where the Brix level is consistently lower than this value, reconstituted juice of lower Brix from these countries introduced into international trade will be acceptable, provided it meets the authenticity methodology listed in the General Standard for Fruit Juices and Nectars and the level will not be bellow 10 Brix for pincapple juice and apple juice.	50.0
lango	Mangifera indica L	13.5	30.0
lulberry	Morus sp.	(*)	30.0
Musa species including M. acuminata and anana M. paradisiaca but		(*)	25.0
	excluding other plantains	(*)	(*)
How Passion Fruit	Passiflora edulis	(*)	(*)
ssion Fruit	Passiflora quadrangularis.	18.5	25.0
ite	Phoenix dacıvlifera L.	The second secon	(*)
pote	Pouteria sapota	(*)	40.0
oricot	Prunus armeniaca L.	11.5	25.0
eet Cherry	Prunus avium I	20.0	
ur Cherry	Prumus cerusus L.	14.0	25.0

Stonesbaer	Prunus cerasus L.cv Stevnsbaer	17.0	25.0
Plum	Prumis domestica L. subsp. domestica	12.0	50.0
Prune Prunus domestica L. subsp. domestica		18.5	25.0
Quetsche	Prunus domestica L. subsp. domestica	12.0	25.0
Prunus persica (L.) Batsch war. mucipersica (Suckow) c. K. Schneid.		10.5	40.0
Peach	Prunus persica (L.) Batsch var. persica	10.5	40.0
Sloe	Prunus spinosa L.	6.0	25.0
Guava	Psidium guajava L.	8.5	25.0
Pomegranate	Punica granatum I.	12.0	25.0
Aronia/ Chokeberry	Pyrus arbustifolia (L.) Pers.	(*)	(*)
Pear	Pyrus communis L.	12.0	40.0
Black Currant	Ribes nigrum L	11.0	30.0
Red Currant	Ribes rubrum L.	10.0	30.0
White Currant	Ribes rubrum L	10.0	30.0
Red Gooseberry	Ribes uva-crispa	(*)	30.0
Goosberry	Ribes uva-crispa L	7.5	30.0
White Goosberry	Ribes uva-crispa L	(*)	30.0
Cynorrhodon	Rosa canina L.	(*)	40.0
Rosehip	Rosa sp. L.	9.0	40.0
Cloudberry	Rubus chamaemorus L	9.0	30.0
Mulberry	Rubus chamaemorus L. Morus hybrid	(*)	40.0
Blackberry	Rubus fruitcosus L.	9.0	30.0
Dewberry	Rubus hispidus (of North America) R. caesius (of Europe)	10.0	25.0
Red Raspberry	Rubus idaeus L. Rubus strigosusMichx.	8.0	40.0
Loganberry	Rubus loganobaccus L. H. Bailey	10.5	25.0
Black Raspberry	Rubus occidentalis L.	11.1	25.0
Boysenberry	Rubus ursinus Cham. & Schlidl.	10.0	25.0
Youngberry	Rubus vitifolius x Rubus idaeus Rubus baileyanis	10.0	25.0
Elderberry	Sambucus nigra L. Sambucus canadensis.	10.5	50.0
Lulo	Solanum quitoense Lam.	(*)	(*)
Rowanberry	Sorbus aucuparia L.	11.0	30.0
Sorb	Sorbus domestica	(*)	30.0
Caja	Spondia lutea L.	10.0	25.0
Umbu	Spondias tuberosa Arruda ex Kost.	9.0	25.0
Pome Apple .	Syzygiunjambosa Tamarindus indica	(*)	(*)
Tamarind (Indian date)	Theobroma cacao L. Theobroma grandiflorum	13.0	Adequate content to reach a minimum acidity of 0.5

Cocoa pulp	Theobroma cacao L.	14.0	50.0
Cupuaçu	Theobroma grandiflorum L.	9.0	35.0
Cranberry	Vaccinium macrocarpon Aiton Vaccinium oxycoccos L.	7.5	30.0
Bilberry/Blueberry	Vaccinium myrtillus L. Vaccinium corymbosum L. Vaccinium angustifolium	10.0	40.0
Lingonberry	Vaccinium vitis-idaea L.	10.0	25.0
Grape	Vitis Vinifera L. or hybrids thereof Vitis Labrusca or hybrids thereof	16.0	50.0
Other: High acidity			Adequate content to reach a minimum acidity of 0.5
Other: High pulp ontent, or Strong avour			25.0
ow acidity, ow pulp content,			50.0
w/medium your			

* No data is currently available

For the purposes of these Regulations, the Brix is defined as the soluble solids content of the juice as determined by the method found in the Section on Methods of Analysis and Sampling.

Where a juice is manufactured from a fruit not mentioned in the above list, it shall, nevertheless, comply with all the provisions of the Standard, except that the minimum Brix level of the reconstituted juice shall be the Brix level as expressed from the fruit used to make the concentrate.

Cocoa pulp	Theobroma cacao L.	14.0	50.0
Cupuaçu	Theobroma grandiflorum L Vaccinium macrocarpon	9.0	35.0
Cranberry	Aiton Vaccinium oxycoccos L.	7.5	30.0
Bilberry/Blueberry	Vaccinium myrtillus L. Vaccinium corymbosum L. Vaccinium angustifolium	10.0	40.0
Lingonberry	Vaccinium vitis -idaea L.	10.0	25.0
Grape	Vitis Vinifera L . or hybrids thereof Vitis Labrusca or hybrids thereof	16.0	50.0
Other: High acidity			Adequate content to reach a minimum acidity of 0.5
Other: High pulp content, or Strong lavour			25.0
Other: Low acidity, Low pulp content, or Low/medium			50.0

* No data is currently available

For the purposes of these Regulations, the Brix is defined as the soluble solids content of the juice as determined by the method found in the Section on Methods of Analysis and Sampling.

Where a juice is manufactured from a fruit not mentioned in the above list, it shall, nevertheless, comply with all the provisions of the Standard, except that the minimum Brix level of the reconstituted juice shall be the Brix level as expressed from the fruit used to make the concentrate.

MINIMUM JUICE AND/OR PUREE IN FRUIT NECTARS

Fruit Nectars Made From	Minimum Juice and/or Puree Content (% m/m)	
	35	
Apricot	40	
Bilberry	30	
Blackberry	30	
Blackcurrant	30	
Blackcurrant (non pulpy)	30	
Cloudberry	30	
Cranberry	50	
Elderberry	30	
Goosberry	50	
Grapefruit	25	
Guava	50	
Mandarine	30	
Mango (pulpy)	50	
Orange	40	
Peach	40	
Peer	40	
Raspberry		
Redcurrant	30	
Rose hip	40	
Rowanberry	30	
Sea Buckthorn	25	
Strawberry	40 50	
Tangerine	30	
White currant		
Whortleberry Other: High Acidic	30	
Apple	50	
Banana	25	
Other: High Acidity, High pulp Content, or Strong Flavour	25	
Other: Low Acidity, Low pulp Content, or Low/Medium Flavour	50	

FOURTH SCHEDULE

[Regulation 5]

Function		Maximum Level
4.1	ANTIOXIDANTS	
300	Ascorbic acid	Limited by GMP
220	Sulphur dioxide (lemon, lime and grape must only)	350mg/l
4.2	ACIDITY REGULATORS	
300	Citric acid	2g/I
330	Citric acid for (nectars)	5g/l
296	Malic acid (or nectars)	Limited by GMP
336	Tartaric acid (for nectars)	Limited by GMP
4.3	CARBONATING AGENTS	
290	Carbon dioxide	Limited by GMP
4.4	STABILIZERS	
440	Pectins	<3g/l
4.5	SWEETENERS (OR NECTARS)	
950	Acesulfame K	<350mg
951	Aspartame	<600mg
952	Cyclamic Acid and Salts	<400mg/l
954	Saccharine and Salts	<80mg/l
955	Sucralose	<250mg/l
954	Neohesperidine	30mg/l
4.7	As may be prescribed Agency	

PROCESSING AIDS – MAXIMUM LEVEL OF USE IN LINE WITH GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICES (GMP)

Function	Substance	
Antifoaming Agents	Polymethylsiloxane ⁵	
Clarifying Agents	Adsorbent clays	
Filtration Aids	(bleaching, natural or activated earths)	
Flocculating Agents	Absorbent resins	
5 5	Activated carbon (only from plants)	
	Bentonite	
	Calcium hydroxide	
	Cellulose	
	Chitosan	
	Colloidal silica	
	Diatomaceous earth	
	Gelatin (from skin collagen)	
	Ion exchange resins (Cation and Anion)	
	Kaolin	
	Perlite	
	Polyvinylpolypyrrolidone	
	Potassium tartrate	
	Precipitated calcium carbonate	
	Rice hulls	
0	Silica sol	
	Sulphur dioxide	
	Tannin	

*MAXIMUM LIMITS OF CONTAMINANTS IN FRUIT JUICE AND NECTARS

Contaminant in Fruit Juice/Nectars	Maximum Limits (mg/kg)
Arsenic (As)	0.2 mg/kg
Lead (Pb)	0.1 mg/kg
Tin (Sn)	200 mg/kg
Copper (Cu)	5 mg/kg
Zinc (Zn)	5 mg/kg
Iron (Fe)	15 mg/kg
Sum of Copper, Zinc and Iron	20 mg/kg
Mineral impurities insoluble in 10% of I 25mg/kg (only for clarified juices)	hydrochloric acid shall not exceed
Toxins	
Mycotoxins	
Patulin (in apple juice and apple juice ingredients)	50 μg/kg

Made at Abuja this 7th day of July, 2021

DR. OSAGIE E. EHANIRE, MD, FWACS Honourable Minister of Health